Name: GODWIN School Year: 2023-24			Grading Quarter: 1 Subject: SCIENCE	Week Begini WEEK 1	ning:		
36110	01 1cui. 2023 24		Subject. Science	,			
Monday	NO SCHOOL						
Tuesday	Notes: Materials: classroom, planners	classroom ar Student will b Lesson Over	Objective: Students will be introduced to science 7 classroom and general course topics Student will be introduced to student planner pages Lesson Overview: Roll, seating, materials in room Wrap-up: Student discussion of what was discussed				
Wednesday	Notes: science word search, instructions for log-in on board.	Class will dis word search checkout and Lesson Over discussion or Students will computers. Stinding approwrap up: Stu	Objective: Students will receive school computers, Class will discuss rules and expectations, science word search for students finished with computer checkout and log-in Lesson Overview: Opening: Students will lead discussion on what was learned the previous day. Students will be called out alphabetically to get computers. Students will practice logging in and finding appropriate school websites.  Wrap up: Student-led discussion of what was				
Thursday	Notes: Materials; rights/rules/responsibilities worksheet	Objective: Students will understand the similarities and differences between rules, rights and responsibilities and expectations.  Lesson Overview: Students will lead discussion on what was learned the previous day. Class discussion on reasons for rules. What are the expectations for children's rights? What are the responsibilities associated with these rights? Do matching worksheet, discuss how class rules relate to rights and responsibilities of young adults. Wrap up: Student-led discussion of what was discussed today			Academic Standards: NONE		
Friday	Notes: Materials, Canvas quiz	Objective: St what was dis Lesson Over what was lea rules, rights a this first weel	udents will demonstrate cussed this week. view: Students will learned the previous day and responsibilities. Downer went for everyone. With was discussed to	te understanding of d discussion on . Review of Class iscussion of how Vrap up: Student-led	Academic Standards: NONE		

	Name: GODWI		Grading Quarter:	Week Beginnin WEEK 2	ıg:
School Year: 2023-24		Subject: SCIENCE 7			
SCIIC	JOI 16a1. 2023-24		Subject. Science /		
Monday	Notes: chess boards	chess pieces car learning and play Lesson Overview	n move. Students will a ving chess v: Students set up ches	understanding of the ways rticulate the reasons behind assboards guided by teacher. rcises. Wrap-up Student-	Academic Standards NONE
				ve and reasons for chess	
	Notes: Chess boards, canvas quiz		nts will demonstrate un quiz and practice exerc	derstanding of basic chess ises	Academic Standards NONE
Tuesday		Lesson Overview piece moves and openings video, I of moves and rea			
<b>\leq</b>	Notes: Canvas pre-test	Objective: Stude topics to be cove	•	e-test knowledge of science	Academic Standards NONE
Wednesday		expect to learn ir up: student-led d		led-discussion on what they Part one of pre-test. Wrap- e things they felt were	
	Notes: Canvas pre-test	Objective: Stude topics to be cove		e-test knowledge of science	Academic Standards NONE
Thursday		now expect to lea Wrap-up: studen	arn in life science this y	led-discussion on what they ear. Part two of pre-test. e of the things they felt were	
Friday		NO SCHOOL			Academic Standards NONE

Name: GODWIN		Grading Quarter:	Week Beginning: WEEK 3					
Scho	ool Year: 2023-24		Subject: SCIENCE 7	,				
Monday		Objective: NO SC	Objective: NO SCHOOL					
1	Notes: Canvas discussion	Objective: Studer Canvas discussion		e ability to participate in	Academic Standards: NONE			
Tuesday			nvas to introduce them	on on personal introduction. selves and respond to				
		Wrap-up: studen	t led discussion on surp	orising facts they learned				
W	Notes: Canvas assignment	Objective: Students will demonstrate their ability to use Canvas to submit work  Academic Standards: NONE						
Wednesday		Lesson Overview: Introduction: student-led discussion on use of Canvas last year. Pros and cons. Demonstrate what is available on Canvas. Students submit written Canvas assignment Wrap-up: student led discussion						
Thurs	Notes: Canvas quiz			eir knowledge of Canvas to strate their ability to sue	Academic Standards: NONE			
ursday			v: Introduction: student and instructions on stu	led discussion about Chat dent use of Chatbot.				
		Wrap-up: studen	t led discussion on Cha	at GPT				
П	Notes: Canvas quiz	Objective: Studer presented this we	Academic Standards: NONE					
Friday			v: Introduction: student- ly quiz, chess in free tin	led discussion on weekly ne				

	N.I		Constitute Occasion	Wash Basinsin				
	Nam GODV		Grading Quarter: Week Beginning: WEEK 4					
			1					
Scho	ol Year: 202	3-24	Subject: SCIENCE 7					
Monday	Notes: Restating quiz	when answering  Lesson Overview on restating ques	Objective: Students will demonstrate the ability to restate the questions when answering prompts  Lesson Overview: short quiz on restating question, discussion and lesson on restating questions, Canvas assignment.  Wrap-up: student-led discussion					
Tuesday	Notes: Canvas	when answering  Lesson Overview question, Chat G	Objective: Students will demonstrate the ability to restate the questions when answering prompts  Lesson Overview: intro: Student-led discussion. Practice restating the question, Chat GPT prompt demonstration. Canvas quiz  Wrap-up student-let discussion					
Wednesday	Notes: Canvas lesson, video	Objective: Students will demonstrate the ability to prepare for learning from a video and obtaining information from a video  Lesson Overview: intro: Student-let discussion on restating the questions in class. Instruction on learning from a video. Watch video and take notes. Canvas assignment.  Wrap-up student-let discussion Student-led discussion on how learning from You-tube videos and be helpful.						
Thursday	Notes: Canvas lesson, Chat GPT	Objective: Students will demonstrate the ability to obtain information from videos.  Lesson Overview: intro: Student-led discussion on learning from videos. Review and demonstration of use of Chat GPT to obtain information. Canvas quiz, Canvas discussion  Wrap-up student-let discussion on use of Chat GPT and how they feel about the information they learned today.						
Friday	Notes: Friday quiz, Canvas	presented this we Lesson Overview	eek. Grade check.  v: intro: Student-led dis	eir understanding of concepts cussion deos and use of Chat GPT	Academic Standards:			

	Name: GODWIN		Grading Quarter:	Week Beginning WEEK 5	g:		
Scho	ool Year: 2023-24	<u> </u>	Subject: SCIENCE 7				
Monday	Notes: Canvas assignment	differences and s  Lesson Overview gathering informa	Objective: Students will demonstrate an understanding of the differences and similarities of paraphrasing and plagiarism  Lesson Overview: video, lesson on plagiarism. Practice activity of gathering information and paraphrasing that information Wrap-up: student-led discussion on examples of what is/is not plagiarism				
Tuesday	Notes: Canvas quiz	differences and s  Lesson Overview Review lesson, C	Objective: Students will demonstrate an understanding of the differences and similarities of paraphrasing and plagiarism  Lesson Overview: intro: Student-led discussion on plagiarism. Review lesson, Canvas quiz Wrap-up student-let discussion				
Wednesday	Notes:  Canvas assignment	reports  Lesson Overview doing reports in tresearch over 2 constants.	Lesson Overview: intro: Student-led discussion on experiences with doing reports in the past. Instructions on research methods, student research over 2 days.  Wrap-up student-let discussion on things they learned about their				
Thursday	Notes:  Assignment cont. Friday quiz	Objective: Stude  Lesson Overview with the research Wrap-up: Weekly	Academic Standards: 7.SL.4				
Friday	Notes:	Objective: NO SO	CHOOL FOR FIRST 1/8 <sup>TH</sup>		Academic Standards:		

	Name: GODWIN		Grading Quarter: 1	Week Beginnin WEEK 6	g:
Scho	ol Year: 2023-24		Subject: SCIENC	E 7	
Monday	Notes: Labor Day	Labor day,	no school		Academic Standards:
Tuesday	Notes: Student presentations of reports	Objective: chosen ani Lesson Ov	Academic Standards: 7.SL.4 7.SL.5 7.SL.6		
Wednesday	Notes: Finish presentations Begin Logical thinking.	Lesson Ov experience research m	erview: intro: Stude es with doing reports nethods, student res cudent-let discussio	ent-led discussion on sin the past. Instructions on search over 2 days. n on things they learned	Standards: 7.SL.4 7.SL.5 7.SL.6
Thursday	Notes: Logic puzzle packets cont.	Objective: problems Lesson Ov depending	Students will be abl	le to solve simple matrix logic v Matrix logic or logic lesson ength of student	Academic Standards:
Friday	Notes:  NEXIS Collation presentation	Objective: Lesson Ov curriculum	erview: Undetermir	ned. NEXIS has their own	Academic Standards:

Name: GODWIN			Grading Quarter: 1	Week Beginning: WEEK 7	
Scho	ol Year: 2023-24		Subject: SCIENCI	E /	
Monday	Notes: Branches of science Canvas assignment	Objective: S branch Lesson Ove Wrap-up: Ca	Academic Standards: U1		
Tuesday	Notes: review branches Canvas quiz	Objective: Saccording to Lesson Ove science Rev Wrap-up stu	Academic Standards: U1		
Wednesday	Notes: patterns Canvas assignment	science	rview: intro: Studer	e different types of patterning in nt-led discussion on patterns	Academic Standards: U1
Thursday	Notes: review patterns types Patterns quiz	world Lesson Ove	rview: intro: Studer th the research so f	nt-led discussion on their	Academic Standards: U1
Friday	Notes: Friday quiz	concepts an work	erview: Student gra	strate knowledge of weekly current grade and missing de checks, missing work check	Academic Standards:

Name: GODWIN School Year: 2023-24			Grading Quarter: 1 Subject: SCIENCE	Week Beginning: WEEK 8	
Monday Tuesday	Canvas assignment  Notes: review visual patterns: camouflage Canvas quiz	Classify camouflage types  Lesson Overview: video, lesson on camouflage Wrap-up: Canvas written assignment  Objective: Students will be able to classify examples of camouflage fro examples in nature Lesson Overview: intro: Student-led discussion on types of camouflage Review lesson, Canvas quiz Wrap-up student-led discussion			Academic Standards:  6.L2U1.13 Cross-cutting concepts: patterns Academic Standards: 6.L2U1.13 Cross-cutting concepts: patterns
Wednesday	Bill Nye video	Objective: S skeleton Lesson Ove Watch Bill N	Academic Standards: Cross- cutting concepts: structure and function		
Thursday	Construct skeleton	Objective: Students will create a skeleton and differentiate between axial and appendicular skeleton  Lesson Overview: intro: Student-led discussion on their progress with the research so far.  Wrap-up: finish creating skeleton		Academic Standards: Cross- cutting concepts: structure and function	
Friday	Friday quiz	concepts an work	nd understanding of erview: Student grad	strate knowledge of weekly current grade and missing de checks, missing work check	Academic Standards:

Name: GODWIN			Grading Quarter: 1	Week Beginning: WEEK 9	
Scho	ol Year: 2023-24		Subject: SCIENCE	Ē 7	
Monday	Notes: Skeleton Lable paper skeletons	Objective: S bones Lesson Ove Wrap-up: Ca	Academic Standards: Cross- cutting concepts: structure and function		
Tuesday	Notes: review skeletons, models Canvas quiz	Objective: S models Lesson Ove lesson, Can Wrap-up stu	Academic Standards: Cross- cutting concepts: structure and function		
Wednesday	Leaves	Objective: S practice Lesson Ove Watch Bill N	Academic Standards: Cross- cutting concepts: patterns		
Thursday	Notes: review leaves	quiz Lesson Ove	tudents will preserv rview: intro: sort lea nish pressing leaves		Academic Standards: Cross- cutting concepts: structure and function
Friday	Notes: Friday quiz	concepts an work	nd understanding of erview: Student grad	strate knowledge of weekly current grade and missing de checks, missing work check	Academic Standards:

Name: GODWIN			Grading Quarter: 1	Week Beginning: WEEK 10	
Scho	ol Year: 2023-24		Subject: SCIENCI	E 7	
Monday	Notes: Stereoscope Canvas quiz	procedures	on on skeletons	Academic Standards: Cross- cutting concepts: Patterns	
Tuesday	Use stereoscope	items	a stereoscope to observe v parts of the stereoscope s	Academic Standards: patterns	
Wednesday	Otes: Life cycles	cycles		e to order parts of animal life e cycles, sequential patterns	Academic Standards: Cross- cutting concepts: patterns
Thursday	Canvas quiz	canvas quiz		pe life cycles for their animal, any missing work	Academic Standards: Cross- cutting concepts: patterns
Friday	NO SCHOOL	NO SCHOO	OL END OF 9 WEE	KS	Academic Standards:

Name: GODWIN			Grading Quarter: 2	Week Beginning: WEEK 11			
Scho	ol Year: 2023-24		Subject: SCIENC	E 7			
Monday	NO SCHOOL						
Tuesday	Notes: Life cycles	examples of Lesson Over far. Review	Objective: Students will be able to recognize life cycles as examples of sequential patterns Lesson Overview: intro: review types of patterns discussed so ar. Review sequential patterns, give life cycles as example. Life cycle quiz				
Wednesday	Guest speaker: water tables		Objective: Students will learn about local water sources Lesson Overview: Guest speaker				
Thursday		canvas quiz  Lesson Overview: intro: Review of Tuesday's assignment,  Written work assignment		Academic Standards: Cross- cutting concepts: patterns			
Friday	CAREER DAY	SCHOOL-V	VIDE CAREER DA	Υ	Academic Standards: Explore careers		

Schoo	Name: GODWIN ol Year: 2023-24		Grading Quarter: 2 Subject: SCIENC	Week Beginning: WEEK 12 E 7			
Monday	Notes: Power Point, Cause and effect Canvas quiz	cause and Lesson ove	Objective: Students will be able to differentiate between cause and effect in a sample situation Lesson overview: review pattern types. Cause and effect is the last type. Powerpoint and notes. Canvas quiz				
Tuesday	Notes: none, Canvas written assignment	Objective: S statements. cause and e Lesson Ove written work	Academic Standards: patterns				
Wednesday	Notes: Cause and effect, Habitats Canvas quiz	adaptations Lesson Ove why the ani	develop because of erview: Give examp	les of different animals and ask ney are. Have class logic	Academic Standards: Cross- cutting concepts: patterns 6.12U3.12		
Thursday	Canvas written assignment	animal base Lesson Ove	ed on its adatations	w yesterday's lesson, go over	Academic Standards: Cross- cutting concepts: patterns		
Friday	Friday wrap-up	performance		f-evaluate grade and nts will demonstrate for the week	Academic Standards:		

Name: GODWIN			Grading Quarter: 2	Week Beginning: WEEK 13		
Scho	ol Year: 2023-24		Subject: SCIENC	E 7		
Monday	RED RIBBON WEEK: Objective: students will be able to explain the history of red ribbon week. Students will create a personal Natural High poster			Academic Standards: patterns		
Tuesday	RED RIBBON WEEK: ALCOHOL	when appro	Objective: Students will be able to verbalize ways to say "no" when approached about drinking. Students will understand the sangers associated with drinking			
Wednesday	RED RIBBON WEEK VAPING, SMOKING, MARIJUANA	vaping, huff		e to differentiate between narijuana use. Students will to a fresh air	Academic Standards:	
Thursday	RED RIBBON WEEK SYNTHITIC DRUGS	Objective: S	Students will summa	arize what was learned this week	Academic Standards:	
Friday	RED RIBBON WEEK DEA SPEAKER	Students w topics	rill attend a DEA pre	esentation on Red ribbon week	Academic Standards:	

Name: GODWIN			Grading Quarter: 2	Week Beginning: WEEK 13		
Scho	ol Year: 2023-24		Subject: SCIENC	E 7		
Monday		_	Objective: students will be able to explain the cause/effect seasons behind human skin color variation			
Tuesday	Notes: none. Written Canvas assignment	color variati Lesson Ove	bjective: Students will be able to identify reasons for skin plor variation in humans and animals esson Overview: intro: review yesterday's work. Canvas ritten assignment			
Wednesday	Dependent variables as they relate to cause and effect Canvas quiz	dependent v Lesson Ove	Objective: Students will be able to find independent and lependent variables given a situation lesson Overview: Review cause and effect. Translate cause of independent variable and effect to dependent variable			
Thursday		identify independent, dependent and control variables  Lesson Overview: intro: Review yesterday's lesson. Add control variables.		Academic Standards: Cross- cutting concepts: patterns		
Friday	Veteran's day off	Verterans o	day off		Academic Standards:	

School	Name: GODWIN ol Year: 2023-24		Grading Quarter: 2 Subject: SCIENC	Week Beginning: WEEK 14		
30110			-		_	
Monday	canvas quiz	use a line g create both Lesson Ove	Objective: Students will be able to tell when is is appropriate to use a line graph and when to make a bar graph. Students will create both a line and a bar graph Lesson Overview: intro: review of independent and dependent variables. Relate these to graphing, notes, canvas quiz			
Tuesday	assignment, canvas	graph	esson Overview: intro: review graph types, create sample			
Wednesday	Graphing on the computer	line and bar Lesson Ove	Objective: Students will be able to independently create both a ine and bar graph on the computer using Kid's Zone Lesson Overview: Teacher models website use, students create graphs			
Thursday	•	positive, neg Lesson Ove	Objective: Students will be able to interpret a scatter plot to find positive, negative and no correlation  Lesson Overview: intro: sample scatter plots and evaluation.  Canvas quiz			
Friday		performance		elf-evaluate grade and nts will demonstrate for the week	Academic Standards:	

Name: GODWIN			Grading Quarter: 2	Week Beginning: WEEK 15		
Scho	ol Year: 2023-24		Subject: SCIENC	E 7		
Monday	Scatter plot written assignment and graph creation	Students w correlation	tudents will create a simple scatter plot and evaluate orrelation			
Tuesday	Graphing review and computer creation of scatter plot		Objective: Students will be able to lesson Overview: intro: r			
Wednesday	THANKSGIVING BREAK					
Thursday	THANKSGIVING BREAK					
Friday	THANKSGIVING BREAK					

Name: GODWIN			Grading Quarter: 2	Week Beginning: WEEK 16			
Scho	ol Year: 2023-24		Subject: SCIENC	E 7			
Monday	Notes: Grouping in science Canvas quiz  Objective: Students will be able to group objects according to similar characteristics Lesson overview Hands on sorting, notes, quiz				Academic Standards: Patterns ESL #2		
Tuesday	Written assignment	their similar Lesson Ove	Objective: Students will be able to group objects according to heir similaraties .esson Overview: review of notes, hands on sorting #2, written assignment				
Wednesday	Notes: Kingdoms of living things.	Objective: Saccording to characterist Lesson Ove Notes on King-Canvas quiz	Academic Standards: Cross- cutting concepts: patterns				
Thursday	Canvas written assignment	kigdoms.  Lesson Overview: intro: Hands-on sorting #4 Review characteristics of the 5 kingdom classification system, written			Academic Standards: Cross- cutting concepts: patterns		
Friday	Friday Wrap-up quiz	material. Students w	rill check grades, o	nowledge of the week's check for missing work, do nd create a relevant graph	Academic Standards:		

Name: GODWIN			Grading Quarter: 2	Week Beginning: WEEK 17			
Schoo	ol Year: 2023-24		Subject: SCIENCI	E 7			
Monday	Notes, practice sorting into Venn Diagrams	Diagrams Lesson ove find similar	Objective: Students will be able to read and create Venn Diagrams Lesson overview: Sorting #5, sort into two groups and find similarities between the two groups Notes, Canvas quiz, math connection				
Tuesday	Using Venn diagrams Written assignment	Objective: S Diagrams Lesson Ove drawing dia	Academic Standards: patterns ELL 7.W.1				
Wednesday	Using Dichotomous keys	key to identi Lesson Ove	Objective: Students will be able to use a simple Dichotomous key to identify items  Lesson Overview: Paly 20Q as a class, modeling of using keys, use keys as a class, Canvas quiz				
Thursday	and quiz	Lesson Overview: Substitute today. Watch video and answer questions as they watch video		Academic Standards: Cross- cutting concepts: patterns			
Friday	NEXIS	NEXIS les	son		Academic Standards:		

Name: GODWIN		Grading Quarter: 2	Week Beginning WEEK 18	g:	
Schoo	ol Year: 2023-24		Subject: SCIENC	E 7	
Monday	Writing Dichotomous keys, notes and quiz	Objective: Students will be able to create a simple Dichotomous key to identify objects Lesson Overview: Review using keys. Notes and practice on creating trees leading to keys, Canvas quiz			Science ELL 7.W.1
Tuesday	Writing keys, written assignment	Objective: Stree as a m Lesson Ove sorting into Written ass	Academic Standards: patterns ELL 7.W.1		
Wednesday	Taxonomy of vertebrates	Objective: 9 Orders using Lesson Over vertebrates	Academic Standards: Cross-cutting concepts: patterns		
Thursday	Taxonomy of vertebrates Canvas written assignment	according t	o characteristics	le to classify vertebrates ew classes, written assignment.	Academic Standards: Cross-cutting concepts: patterns communication
Friday	Friday quiz	material. Students v	vill check grades,	knowledge of the week's check for missing work, do and create a relevant graph	Academic Standards: patterns communication

Name: GODWIN School Year: 2023-24			Grading Quarter: 2 Subject: SCIENC	Week Beginning: WEEK 19	
SCHOOL	Ji Fedi. 2023-24		Subject. Scienc	L /	
Monday	Review for mid-term	Students will work on a cloze review assignment over Semester 1 material			
Tuesday	Mid-term test	Objective: Students will demonstrate knowledge of semester 1 material Lesson Overview: testing whole period. Student will have 2 chances to do questions			
Wednesday		FUN DA	¥Υ		
Thursday		WINTER	BREAK		
Friday		WINTER	R BREAK		

	Name: GODWIN		Grading Quarter: 3	Week Beginning: WEEK 20 Jan 9-12	2	
Scho	ol Year: 2023-24		Subject: SCIENC	E 7		
Monday	NO SCHOOL					
Tuesday	Bill Nye introduction to atoms	Objective: Students will be able to identify the parts of an atom Lesson Overview: Review learning from videos, preview questions to watch for on the video. Discuss standardized testing hints.				
Wednesday	Notes on atoms, quiz		bjective: Students will be able to identify the parts of an atom esson Overview: review yesterday's lesson, Powerpoint, otes, quiz			
Thursday	assignment.	atoms	bjective: Students will be able to identify the parts of an oms esson Overview: intro: Review of notes, written assignment			
Friday	Friday quiz, grade and progress check for this semester and overall course	Friday quiz	, check grades, m	ake graph	Academic Standards:	

Name: GODWIN			Grading Quarter: 3	Week Beginning: WEEK 21 Jan 16-19	9
Schoo	ol Year: 2023-24		Subject: SCIENCE	Ē 7	
Monday	NO SCHOOL				
Tuesday	Notes: Elements and periodic table	Objective: Students will be able to read and interpret the periodic table. Students will memorize the 10 most abundant elements on earth.  Lesson Overview: intro: review of atoms from last week. Use periodic table in planner to mark atoms to memorize  Power Point, periodic table, quiz			
Wednesday	Elements and the periodic table written work	Objective: S knowledge o Lesson Ove	Academic Standards: Atoms P1: 6.P1U1.3 Written responses ELL		
Thursday		Objective: S Lesson Ove crossword p	rview: intro: Review	v, drawing atoms worksheet and	Academic Standards:
Friday	Elements quiz	Students w symbols	vill demonstrate kno	owledge of element names and	Academic Standards: Atoms P1: 6.P1U1.3 Written responses ELL

Name: GODWIN		Grading Quarter: 3	Week Beginnir WEEK 22 Jan 23	•	
Scho	ol Year: 2023-24		Subject: SCIENC	E 7	
Monday	Compounds and molecules				Academic Standards: Compounds: Written responses ELL
Tuesday	Molecules	Objective: demonstra Lesson Ov	Academic Standards: Compounds: Written responses ELL		
Wednesday	Intro to Photosynthesis	Objective: formula for Lesson Ov	Academic Standards: Photosynthesis Written responses ELL		
Thursday	Photosynthesis, Canvas written assignment	formula for photosynthesis  Lesson Overview: intro: Review of notes, written work			Academic Standards: Photosynthesis Written responses ELL
Friday	Friday quiz	Friday quiz and progress check			Academic Standards: Photosynthesis Written responses ELL

Name: GODWIN			Grading Quarter: 3	Week Beginning WEEK 23 Jan 29-F			
Scho	ol Year: 2023-24		Subject: SCIENC	E 7			
Monday	Notes, quiz Intro to cellular respiration, notes	cellular resp	Objective: Students will be able to interpret the formula for cellular respiration, Lesson Overview: intro: Powerpoint, notes				
Tuesday	Review and Written assignment	respiration	Objective: Students will be able to relate photosynthesis and respiration and the relationship between plants and animals Lesson Overview: intro: review notes, written work				
Wednesday	Food webs, niches Notes, quiz	describe re	lationships within for erview: review phot	e to follow a food web and bod webs and food chains osynthesis/respiration cycles. In move on to food webs, quiz	Academic Standards: Food webs Written responses ELL		
Thursday	Canvas written assignment	describe re Lesson Ove	lationships within fo	e to follow a food web and bod webs and food chains w food chains/webs. Written eports.	Academic Standards: Food webs Written responses ELL		
Friday	Friday quiz and progress check	Friday qui	Friday quiz, progress check, weekly graph				

Name: GODWIN			Grading Quarter: 3	Week Beginning: WEEK 24 Feb 5-9	
Schoo	ol Year: 2023-24		Subject: SCIENC	E 7	
Monday	Notes, quiz	Objective: Students will be able to label and describe the parts of the digestive system Lesson Overview: review food webs and respiration formula, notes on digestion, quiz			
Tuesday	Review and Written assignment	of the diges	tive system	e to label and describe the parts v notes, written assignment.	Academic Standards: 7.L1U1.9 7.L1U1.11 Written responses ELL
Wednesday	Review for benchmark		oms, calories, food	e to describe the relationship webs and life	Academic Standards:
Thursday	Begin benchmark P/T conferences	Objective: S	Short day. Benchma	ark part 1	Academic Standards:
Friday	Finish benchmark P/T conferences	Short day, b	enchmark part 2		Academic Standards:

Name: GODWIN			Grading Quarter: 3	Week Beginning: WEEK 25 Feb 12-1	.5
Schoo	ol Year: 2023-24		Subject: SCIENCI	E 7	
Monday	respiratory system	respiratory s	system and explain	e to label the parts of the the functions of each organ s, introduce parts, power point,	Academic Standards: 7.L1U1.9 7.L1U1.11 Written responses ELL
Tuesday		circulatory s	system and explain	e to to label the parts of the the functions of each organ models, introduce parts, power	Academic Standards:  7.L1U1.9 7.L1U1.11 Written responses ELL
Wednesday	Muscular system	muscular sy organ	stem system and e	e to to label the parts of the explain the functions of each models, introduce parts, power	Academic Standards: 7.L1U1.9 7.L1U1.11 Written responses ELL
Thursday	·	Nervous sys Lesson Ove	stem and explain th	e to to label the parts of the e functions of each organ v intro: body models, introduce	Academic Standards: 7.L1U1.9 7.L1U1.11 Written responses ELL
Friday	NO SCHOOL				,

Name: GODWIN			Grading Quarter: 3	Week Beginning: WEEK 26 Feb 20-2	.3
Schoo	ol Year: 2023-24		Subject: SCIENC	E 7	
Monday	NO SCHOOL				
Tuesday		a fetal pig		a paper model of the organs of of fetal pig organs. Begin mode	Academic Standards:  7.L1U1.9 7.L1U1.11  Written responses ELL
Wednesday		Objective: Students will create a paper model of the organs of a fetal pig Lesson Overview: continue models			
Thursday	Work on model	Finish mod	els		Academic Standards: 7.1101.9 7.1101.11 Written responses ELL
Friday	Friday quiz and progress check	Friday quiz	z, progress check, v	weekly graph	Academic Standards:

Name: GODWIN			Grading Quarter: 3	Week Beginning WEEK 27 Feb 26-Ma	
Scho	ol Year: 2023-24		Subject: SCIENC	E 7	
Monday	Notes, quiz	Objective: S qualification Lesson Ove	Academic Standards: Living things Written responses ELL		
Tuesday	Review and Written assignment	Objective: S that define I Lesson Ove	Academic Standards: Living things Written responses ELL		
Wednesday	Microscopes Notes, quiz	Objective: S compound r Lesson Ove magnification	Academic Standards:		
Thursday	Canvas written assignment	Objective: Students will Lesson Overview: intro: Review			Academic Standards:
Friday	Friday quiz and progress check	Friday quiz	z, progress check, v	weekly graph	Academic Standards:

Name: GODWIN			Grading Quarter: 3	Week Beginning: WEEK 28 March 4-	8
Schoo	ol Year: 2023-24		Subject: SCIENCI	E 7	
Monday	Cells Notes, quiz	basic cell, q		e to draw and identify part of an	Academic Standards: L1: 7.L1U1.8 7.L1U1.9
ý					Written responses ELL
	Review and Written		Students will be able vritten assignment	e to draw and identify part of a	Academic Standards:
Tuesday	assignment	Lesson Ove	erview: intro:		<u>L1:</u> 7.L1U1.8 7.L1U1.9
<b>~</b>					Written responses ELL
We	Notes, quiz	Objective: Students will be able to draw and identify the parts of a plant cell			Academic Standards:
Wednesday		Lesson Ove	erview:		7.L1U1.8 7.L1U1.9
lay					Written <u>responses</u> <u>ELL</u>
	Canvas written assignment	Objective: Sanimal cell	Students will create	a drawing or model of a plant or	Standards:
Thursday		Lesson Ove of cell mode		v cell parts. Introduce objective	L1: 7.L1U1.8 7.L1U1.9 Written responses ELL
П			FUN DAY		<u> </u>
Friday					

## **SPRING BREAK**

Name: GODWIN			Grading Quarter: 3	Week Beginning: WEEK 29 March 19	)-2	
Scho	ol Year: 2023-24		Subject: SCIENCI	E 7		
Monday 18	NO SCHOOL PD DAY					
Tuesday 19	Review and Written assignment <i>MITOSIS NOTES QUIZ</i>	of cell divis Lesson Ovecell membr	Objective: Students will be able to explain and draw the steps of cell division, mitosis  Lesson Overview: intro: review cell parts: nucleus, centrioles, cell membrane, Notes and quiz			
Wednesday 20	Notes, quiz MITOSIS WRITTEN	the steps o	Objective: Students will be able to recognize, sort and draw the steps of mitosis  Lesson Overview: review yesterday's lesson, written assignment			
Thursday 21	Canvas written assignment  MEIOSIS	between m Lesson Ove	Objective: Students will be able to describe the difference between mitosis and meiosis and gie the purpose of both. Lesson Overview: intro: review mitosis. Brainstorm why mitosis cannot work for creating gametes. Introduce meoisis			
Friday 22	Friday wrap-up quiz	Friday quiz	, progress check, w	eekly graph	Academic Standards: L3: Genetic information 8.L3U1.9 Written responses ELL	

Name: GODWIN			Grading Quarter: 3	Week Beginning: WEEK 30 March 25-	-29
Schoo	ol Year: 2023-24		Subject: SCIENCI	Ē 7	
Mor	REPRODUCTION NOTES QUIZ	difference be examples of Lesson Ove	petween asexual an of each erview: intro: reviev asexual reproductio	e to differentiate and explain the od sexual reproduction and give w mitosis and meiosis. Name n and meiosis as sexual	
Tu	Review and Written assignment	examples o		e to recognize and give isexual reproduction w, written work	Academic Standards: L3: Genetic information 8.L3U1.9 Written responses ELL
_	Notes, quiz INHERITANCE NOTES QUIZ	from parent Lesson Ove traits are pa	t to offspring. erview: review meic assed on osis and do simple	e explain how traits are inherited sis. Show how its obvious how examples of inherited traits.	Academic Standards: L3: Genetic information 8.L3U1.9 Written responses ELL
Thursd	INHERITANCE	give examp	oles. erview: intro: Reviev	n how traits are passed on and w cell parts. Introduce objective	Academic Standards:
Friday 29	Friday wrap-up quiz NO SCHOOL PD	Friday quiz	, progress check, w	eekly graph	

Name: GODWIN School Year: 2023-24			Grading Quarter: 3 Subject: SCIENO	Week Beginnin WEEK 31 April	_		
Scrio	01 1Ca1. 2023 24		Subject. Science	,L /			
Monday 1	Cells Notes, quiz  PUNNET SQUARES  WORK	Punnett so Lesson Ov	bjective: Students will be able to draw and interpret unnett squares as applied to simple genetics esson Overview: intro: review inheritance, introduce omo/heterozygous traits and using Punnett squares				
Tuesday 2	Review and Written assignment  AASA SCI  MATRIX LOGIC LESSON	solve puzz	Objective: Students will be able to use simple matrix logic to solve puzzles. Short classes due to AASA  Intro to Logic puzzles, group solve, begin packets				
Wednesday 3	Notes, quiz AASA WRITING MATRIX LOGIC WORK	to solve pu	uzzles. Short class	able to use simple matrix logic ses due to AASA solve, begin packets	Academic Standards: Cross-cutting concepts: patterns communication ELL 7.W.1		
	Canvas written assignment	•		ole to use simple matrix logic to	Academic		
Thursday 4	AASA ELA 1 MATRIX LOGIC WORK		zles. Short classes	s due to AASA solve, begin packets	Standards: Cross-cutting concepts: patterns communication ELL 7.W.1		
Friday 5	Friday wrap-up quiz Matrix logic on reproduction	Friday quiz	z, progress check,	weekly graph	Academic Standards: L3: Genetic information 8.L3U1.9 Written responses ELL		

Name: GODWIN			Grading Quarter: 3	Week Beginnir WEEK 32 April 8	•	
Scho	ol Year: 2023-24		Subject: SCIENC	E 7		
and will cr			eate a creature fror	ole to interpret genetic crosses in random genetic instructions. ew Punnett squares. Hand ou	. Standards:	
					responses ELL	
Tuesday	Review and Written assignment  AASA Math 1	Objective: syllogisms Intro to syl	Academic Standards: Cross-cutting concepts: patterns communication			
9	syllogisms VENN DIAGRAM LOGIC LESSON				ELL 7.W.1	
Wednesday 10	Notes, quiz AASA LA 2 VENN DIAGRAM LOGIC WORK	syllogisms	Objective: Students will be able to evaluate simple syllogisms using venn diagrams.  Intro to syllogism puzzles, group solve, begin packets			
Thur	Canvas written assignment		Students will be abusing venn diagram	ole to evaluate simple ms.	Academic Standards: Cross-cutting	
ırsday 11	AASA Math 2 VENN DIAGRAM LOGIC WORK	Intro to syl	logism puzzles, gro	concepts: patterns communication ELL 7.W.1		
Friday 12	Friday wrap-up quiz Need to create. Quiz linking genetics and logic puzzles	Friday quiz	z, progress check, v	weekly graph	Academic Standards: Cross-cutting concepts: patterns communication ELL 7.W.1	

Name: GODWIN		Grading Quarter: 3	Week Beginning: WEEK 33 April 15-19				
SCHOOL	ol Year: 2023-24		Subject: SCIENCI	L /			
Monday 15	Cells Notes, quiz ARTIFICIAL SELECTION NOTES QUIZ	Objective: S selection ta Lesson Ove living things	Academic Standards: 6.L2U3.11 8.L4U1.11 8.L4U1.12 Written responsesELL				
Tuesday 16	Review and Written assignment ARTIFICIAL SELECTION WRITTEN	can change	Objective: Students will be able to explain how natural traits an change over time.  Lesson Overview: intro: review, written assignment				
Wednesday17	Notes, quiz NATURAL SELECTION NOTES QUIZ	Objective: S give examp Lesson Ove this can ha	Academic Standards: 6.L2U3.11 8.L4U1.11 8.L4U1.12 Written responsesELL				
Thursday 18	Canvas written assignment  NATURAL SELCTION  WRITTEN	Objective: Students interpret examples of natural selection and explain how these traits evolved  Lesson Overview: intro: review, written work			Academic Standards: 6.L2U3.11 8.L4U1.11 8.L4U1.12 Written responsesELL		
Friday 19	Friday wrap-up quiz	Friday quiz	, progress check, w	eekly graph	Academic Standards: 6.L2U3.11 8.L4U1.11 8.L4U1.12 Written responsesELL		

Name: GODWIN			Grading Quarter: 3	Week Beginning WEEK 34 April 22	
Schoo	ol Year: 2023-24		Subject: SCIENC	E 7	
Monday 22	EVOLUTION NOTES, QUIZ	Students will be able to define evolution Lesson Overview: intro: review natural selection. Look at examples of organisms which are obviously very different today and introduce evolution			Academic Standards: 6.L2U3.11 8.L4U1.11 8.L4U1.12 Written responsesELL
Tuesday 23	Review and Written assignment	Objective: sanimals ha	Academic Standards: 6.L2U3.11 8.L4U1.11 8.L4U1.12 Written responsesELL		
Wednesday 24	Notes, quiz FOSSILS NOTES QUIZ	Objective: sover time a	Academic Standards: 6.L2U3.11 8.L4U1.11 8.L4U1.12 Written responsesELL		
Thursday 25	FOSSILS WRITTEN	fossils. Stu over geolog Lesson Ov	udents will be able gic time erview: intro: introd like over geologic t	duce local fossils, discuss what ime and how the fossils got	Standards: 6.L2U3.11 8.1411.11
iday 6	Friday wrap-up quiz PD day	Friday quiz	, progress check, v	weekly graph	

Name: GODWIN			Grading Quarter: 3	Week Beginning WEEK 35 April 29-N	
Schoo	ol Year: 2023-24		Subject: SCIENC	E 7	
Monday 29		progressio	n of life on earth	le to explain the goloogic w fossils, geologic time table	Academic Standards: 6.L2U3.11 8.L4U1.11 8.L4U1.12 Written responsesELL
Tuesday 30	Review and Written assignment	geologic tir Lesson Ov	me rerview: intro:	le to create a time table of	Academic Standards: 6.L2U3.11 8.L4U1.11 8.L4U1.12 Written responsesELL
ednesda)		most AZ st Lesson Ov	andards into the vie	le to incorporate a review of ewing of Jurassic Park estions, begin video	Academic Standards: All 6/7/8 <sup>th</sup> grade Life Science standards
rsday		most AZ st Lesson Ov	andards into the vie	le to incorporate a review of ewing of Jurassic Park estions, continue video	Academic Standards: All 6/7/8 <sup>th</sup> grade Life Science standards
lay 3	JURASSIC PARK	Objective: most AZ st Lesson Ov	andards into the vie	le to incorporate a review of ewing of Jurassic Park estions, continue video	Academic Standards: All 6/7/8 <sup>th</sup> grade Life Science standards

Name: GODWIN			Grading Quarter: 3	Week Beginning: WEEK 36 May 6-10	)
Scho	ol Year: 2023-24		Subject: SCIENC	E 7	
Monday 6	MAKE UP DAY  Notes review and make-up time  Notes review and make-up time			Academic Standards: All 6/7/8 <sup>th</sup> grade Life Science standards	
Tuesday 7	REVIEW	course content  All 6 grace Scientists			Academic Standards: All 6/7/8 <sup>th</sup> grade Life Science standards
Wednesday 8	REVIEW, NOTES CHECK				Academic Standards: All 6/7/8 <sup>th</sup> grade Life Science standards
Thursday 9	FINAL  Objective: Students will demonstrate learning this semester. Final score compared with pre-test score to determine student growth			Academic Standards: All 6/7/8 <sup>th</sup> grade Life Science standards	
Friday 10	Friday wrap-up quiz FINAL			t-test score to determine student	Academic Standards: All 6/7/8 <sup>th</sup> grade Life Science standards

Name: GODWIN		Grading Quarter: 3	Week Beginning: WEEK 37 May 13-17		
Schoo	ol Year: 2023-24		Subject: SCIENCE 7		
	COMPUTER TURN- IN	Objective: Students will return computers. Invention in science activity			
Tuesday 7	FUN DAY	Objective: Students will participate in reward day.			
Wednesday 8	TALENT SHOW	Objective: \$	Students will appred	ciate talents of their peers	
Thursday 9	PARTY/VIDEO	Objective: \$	Students will enjoy	reward video with peers	
d	LAST DAY AWARDS	Objective: s	survive the last day	of school lol	

### **SUMMER BREAK**

### SCOPE AND SEQUENCE: Science 7, BRJHS

#### SEMESTER ONE: THE BIG PICTURE

This quarter introduces the main concepts for 7<sup>th</sup> grade life science. Patterning is stressed and interwoven into each topic. What, Why, Cause-and-effect. Course will utilize the 5E model of instruction: Engage, Explore, Explain, Elaborate, Explain.

Week	,	Az State Science Standards <sup>1</sup>	Crosscutting concepts and background information <sup>2</sup>
1-2	Introduction to learning in Canvas, class pretest, logical thinking		
3-4	Using Canvas and navigating online learning platforms, notetaking, answering questions, learning styles, avoiding plagiarism	7.W.7 Conduct short research projects to answer a question, drawing on several sources and generating additional related, focused questions for further research and investigation. 7.W.8 Gather relevant	
5-6	Research project, self- guided research, creating presentations, presenting to class. Intro to ecosystems, food chain, observation skills	information from multiple print and digital sources, using search terms effectively; assess the credibility and accuracy of each source; and quote or paraphrase the data and conclusions of others while avoiding plagiarism and following a standard format for citation. 7.W.9 Draw evidence from literary or informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research. 7.SL.4 Present claims and findings, emphasizing salient points in a focused, coherent manner with pertinent descriptions, appropriate vocabulary,	Interdependent organisms living together in particular environmental conditions form an ecosystem. In a stable ecosystem there are producers of food (plants), consumers (animals) and decomposers, (bacteria and fungi which feed on waste products and dead organisms).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Arizona State Science Standards, https://www.azed.gov/standards-practices/k-12standards/standards-science

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Arizona State Science Standards, https://www.azed.gov/standards-practices/k-12standards/standards-science

7-8	What is science, patterns overview, visual pattering in science: camouflage, skeletons	facts, details, and examples; use appropriate eye contact, adequate volume, and clear pronunciation. 7.SL.5 Include multimedia components and visual displays in presentations to clarify claims and findings and emphasize salient points. U1: Scientists explain phenomena using evidence obtained from observations and or scientific investigations. Evidence may lead to developing models and or theories to make sense of phenomena. As new evidence is discovered, models and theories can be revised.	The crosscutting concepts identified in A Framework for K-12 Science Education are:  • patterns • structure and function • systems and system models
9-10	Repeating patterns: collecting leaves, using a stereoscope Sequential patterns: life cycles		The crosscutting concepts identified in A Framework for K-12 Science Education are:
11-12	Cause and effect patterns: life cycles and growth, adapting to habitats, skin color, variables	Develop and use models to demonstrate the interdependence of organisms and their environment including biotic and abiotic factors.	The crosscutting concepts identified in A Framework for  K-12 Science Education are:      patterns     cause and effect     structure and function     systems and system models     stability and change
13-14	Grouping patterns: food webs, food chains and niches, Venn diagrams, classifying living things	P4: The total amount of energy in a closed system is always the same but can be transferred from one energy store to another during an event.  6.L2U3.12Engage in argument from evidence to support a claim about the factors that cause species to change and how humans can impact those factors.  6.L2U1.13Develop and use models to demonstrate the interdependence of	Interdependent organisms living together in particular environmental conditions form an ecosystem. In a stable ecosystem there are producers of food (plants), consumers (animals) and decomposers, (bacteria and fungi which feed on waste products and dead organisms). The decomposers produce materials that help plants to grow, so the molecules in the organisms are constantly re-used. At the same time, energy resources pass through the ecosystem. When food is used by organisms for life processes some energy is dissipated as heat but is replaced in the ecosystem by radiation from the Sun being used to produce plant food.  Genes are located in the chromosomes of cells, with each chromosome pair containing two variants of each of many distinct genes. Each distinct gene chiefly controls the production of a specific protein, which in turn affects the traits of the individual (e.g., human skin color results from the actions of proteins that control the production of the pigment melanin)

		organisms and their environment including biotic and abiotic factors.	Food webs are models that demonstrate how matter and energy is transferred between producers (generally plants and other organisms that engage in photosynthesis), consumers, and decomposers as the three groups interact—primarily for food—within an ecosystem. Transfers of matter into and out of the physical environment occur at every level—for example, when molecules from food react with oxygen captured from the environment, the carbon dioxide and water thus produced are transferred back to the environment, and ultimately so are waste products, such as fecal material. Decomposers recycle nutrients from dead plant or animal matter back to the soil in terrestrial environments or to the water in aquatic environments. The atoms that make up the organisms in an ecosystem are cycled repeatedly between the living and nonliving parts of the ecosystem. (p. 153-154) In any given ecosystem there is competition among species for the energy resources and the materials they need to live. The persistence of an ecosystem depends on the continued availability in the environment of these energy resources and materials. (p. 27) Organisms and populations of organisms are dependent on their environmental interactions both with other living things and with nonliving factors. Growth of organisms and population increases are limited by access to resources. In any ecosystem, organisms and populations with similar requirements for food, water, oxygen, or other resources may compete with each other for limited resources, access to which consequently constrains their growth and reproduction. Similarly, predatory interactions may reduce the number of organisms or eliminate whole populations of organism requires the other for survival. A healthy ecosystem is one in which multiple species of different types are each able to meet their needs in a relatively stable web of life. Ecosystems are dynamic in nature; their characteristics can vary over time. Disruptions to any physical or biological component of an ecosystem can lead to shifts in all
15-16	Demonstrating patterning with graphs: bar, line and scatter plot, creating graphs in the computer, interpreting graphs		The crosscutting concepts identified in A Framework for K-12 Science Education are:
17-18	Using grouping for identification and classification: dichotomous keys QUARTER ONE BENCHMARK TEST		The crosscutting concepts identified in A Framework for K-12 Science Education are:  • patterns • structure and function

### **SEMESTER TWO: THE DETAILS**

This quarter introduces the details, "how", of life science. Cause and effect patterning is stressed and interwoven into each topic.

interwoven into each topic.						
Week	Concept(s)	Standard(s)	Crosscutting concepts			
			and background			
			information			
1-2 3-4	Introduction to atoms, molecules and compounds, chemistry of life: photosynthesis and respiration Chemistry of food, internal	P1: All matter in the Universe is made of very small particles. 6.P1U1.3 Develop and use models to represent that matter is made of smaller particles called atoms 6.L2U1.14 Construct a model that shows the cycling of matter and flow of energy in ecosystems. 8.L2U1.12 Construct an explanation for how some plant cells convert light energy into	The crosscutting concepts identified in A Framework for K-12 Science Education are:  • patterns • energy and matter  If a substance could be divided into smaller and smaller pieces it would be found to be made of very, very small particles, smaller than can be seen even with a microscope. All materials, anywhere in the universe, living and non-living, are made of a very large number of basic			
	organs, body systems	food energy.  8.P1U1.1 Develop and use a model to demonstrate that atoms and molecules can be combined or rearranged in chemical reactions to form new compounds with the total number of each type of atom conserved.  L2: Organisms require a supply of energy and materials for which they often depend on, or compete with, other organisms.  6.L2U1.14 Construct a model that shows the cycling of matter and flow of energy in ecosystems.  7.L1U1.9 Develop and use a model to explain how cells, tissues, and organ systems maintain life (animals).  7.L1U1.11Construct an explanation for how organisms maintain internal stability and evaluate the effect of the external factors on organisms' internal stability.	'building blocks' called <b>atoms</b> , of which there are about 100 different kinds. The properties of different materials can be explained in terms of the behavior of the atoms and groups of atoms of which they are made  All materials, anywhere in the universe, living and non-living, are made of a very large numbers of basic 'building blocks' called <b>atoms</b> , of which there are about 100 different kinds. <b>Substances</b> made of only one kind of atom are called <b>elements</b> . Atoms of different elements can combine together to form a very large number of <b>compounds</b> . A <b>chemical reaction</b> involves a rearrangement of the atoms in the reacting substances to form new substances, while the total amount of matter remains the same. In a chemical process, the atoms that make up the original substances are regrouped into different molecules, and these new substances have different properties from those of the reactants. The total number of each type of atom is conserved, and thus the mass does not change. Some chemical reactions release energy, others store energy. 4(p. 111)  In most cases, the energy needed for life is ultimately derived from the sun through <b>photosynthesis</b> (although in some ecologically important cases, energy is derived from reactions involving inorganic chemicals in the absence of sunlight e.g. chemosynthesis). Plants, algae (including phytoplankton), and other energy-fixing microorganisms use sunlight, water and carbon dioxide to facilitate photosynthesis, which stores energy, forms plant matter, releases oxygen, and maintains plants' activities.4(p. 147-148)			
5-6	Using a microscope, cells, single celled organisms,	L1: Organisms are organized on a cellular basis and have a finite life span. 7.L1U1.8 Obtain, evaluate, and	The crosscutting concepts identified in A Framework for K-12 Science Education are:  patterns structure and function			
	plant/animal cell	communicate information to provide evidence that all living things are made of cells, cells	<ul> <li>systems and system models</li> <li>scale, proportion, and quantity</li> </ul>			

7-8	Cell division, meiosis and mitosis DNA	come from existing cells, and cells are the basic structural and functional unit of all living things. 7.L1U1.9 Construct an explanation to demonstrate the relationship between major cell structures and cell functions (plant and animal).	All living organisms are made of one or more cells, which can be seen only through a microscope. All the basic processes of life are the results of what happens inside cells. Cells divide to replace aging cells and to make more cells in growth and in reproduction. Food is the energy source they need in order to carry out these and other functions. Some cells in multicellular organisms, as well as carrying out the functions that all cells do, are specialized; for example, muscle, blood and nerve cells carry out specific functions within the organism. Cells are often aggregated into tissues, tissues into organs, and organs into organ systems. In the human body, systems carry out such key functions as respiration, digestion, elimination of waste and temperature control. The circulatory system takes material needed by cells to all parts of the body and removes soluble waste to the urinary system. Stem cells, which are not specialized, are capable of repairing tissues by being programmed for different functions. Cells function best in certain conditions. Both single cell and multi-cellular organisms have mechanisms to maintain temperature and acidity within certain limits that enable the organism to survive. 2 (p. 26) Life is the quality that distinguishes living things - composed of living cells, from nonliving objects or those that have died. While a simple definition of life can be difficult to capture, all living things - that is to say all organisms are complex, organized and built on a hierarchical structure, with each level providing the foundation for the next, from the chemical foundation of elements and atoms, to cells and systems of individual organisms to species and populations living and interacting in complex ecosystems. Organisms range in composition from a single cell (unicellular microorganisms) to multicellular organisms, in which different groups of large number of cells work together to form systems of tissues and organs (e.g. circulatory, respiratory, nervous, musculoskeletal), that are special
	mitosis, DNA	down from one generation of	Framework for K-12 Science Education are:
9-10	Reproduction in living things, inheritance, genetics	explanation of how genetic variations occur in offspring through the inheritance of traits or through mutations.  8.L3U1.9 Communicate how advancements in technology have furthered the field of genetic	<ul> <li>structure and function</li> <li>systems and system models</li> <li>stability and change</li> <li>Genes are located in the chromosomes of cells, with each chromosome pair containing two variants of each of many distinct genes. Each distinct gene chiefly controls the production of a</li> </ul>

		research and use evidence to support an argument about the positive and negative effects of genetic research on human lives.	specific <b>protein</b> , which in turn affects the <b>traits</b> of the individual (e.g., human skin color results from the actions of proteins that control the production of the pigment melanin). Changes ( <b>mutations</b> ) to genes can result in changes to proteins, which can affect the structures and functions of the organism and thereby change traits. <b>Sexual reproduction</b> provides for transmission of genetic information to offspring through <b>egg</b> and <b>sperm cells</b> . These cells, which contain only one chromosome of each parent's chromosome pair, unite to form a new individual (offspring). Thus offspring possess one instance of each parent's chromosome pair) Variations of <b>inherited traits</b> between parent and offspring arise from genetic differences that result from the subset of chromosomes (and therefore genes) inherited or (more rarely) from mutations. (Boundary: The stress here is on the impact of gene transmission in reproduction, not the mechanism.) <sup>4</sup> (pp. 158-159) In sexually reproducing organisms, each parent contributes half of the genes acquired (at random) by the offspring. Individuals have two of each chromosome and hence two <b>alleles</b> of each gene, one acquired from each parent. These versions may be identical or may differ from each other. In addition to variations that arise from sexual reproduction, genetic information can be altered because of mutations. Though rare, mutations may result in changes to the structure and function of proteins. Some changes are <b>beneficial, others harmful, and some neutral to the organism</b> . <sup>4</sup> (p. 160) Genetic variations among individuals in a population give some individuals an advantage in surviving and reproducing in their environment. This is known as natural selection. It leads to the predominance of certain traits in a population and the suppression of others.
11-12	Change over time, fossil evidence of change, geologic time, natural selection	6.L2U3.11Engage in argument from evidence to support a claim about the factors that cause species to change and how humans can impact those factors.  8.L4U1.11Develop and use a model to explain how natural selection may lead to increases and decreases of specific traits in populations over time.	The crosscutting concepts identified in A Framework for K-12 Science Education are:
13-14	Evolution by natural selection	L4: The unity and diversity of organisms, living and extinct, is the result of evolution.  8.L4U1.12 <u>Gather and communicate evidence</u> on how the process of natural selection provides an explanation of how new species can evolve.	and the suppression of others. In artificial selection, humans have the capacity to influence certain characteristics of organisms by selective breeding. One can choose desired parental traits determined by genes, which are then passed on to offspring. <sup>4</sup> (p. 164) Adaptation by natural selection acting over generations is one important process by which species change over time in response to changes in environmental conditions. Traits that support successful survival and reproduction in the new environment become more common; those that do not become less common. Thus, the distribution of traits in a population changes. In separated

populations with different conditions, the changes can be large enough that the populations, provided they remain separated (a process called reproductive isolation), evolve to become separate species. 4 (p. 165) Biodiversity is the wide range of existing life forms that have adapted to the variety of conditions on Earth, from terrestrial to marine ecosystems. Biodiversity includes genetic variation within a species, in addition to species variation in different habitats and ecosystem types (e.g., forests, grasslands, wetlands). Changes in biodiversity can influence humans' resources, such as food, energy, and medicines, as well as ecosystem services that humans rely on—for example, water purification and recycling.  $\underline{^{4}\,^{\text{(p. 167)}}}$ Plant species have adaptations to obtain the water, light, minerals and space they need to grow and reproduce in particular locations characterized by climatic, geological and hydrological conditions. 2 (p. 27) The sorting and recombining of genetic material when egg and sperm cells are formed and then fuse results in an immense variety of possible combinations of genes, and in differences that can be inherited from one generation to another. These provide the potential for natural selection as a result of some variations making organisms better adapted to certain environmental conditions.  $\frac{2}{3}$  (p. The crosscutting concepts identified in A U2: The knowledge produced by 15-16 Man's influence on nature: science is used in engineering and Framework for K-12 Science Education are: artificial selection, changes in technologies to solve problems patterns and/or create products. cause and effect environments U3: Applications of science often structure and function have both positive and negative systems and system models Research project: how we can ethical, social, economic, and/or stability and change political implications. scale, proportion, and quantity help 6.L2U3.11 Use evidence to Newly introduced species can damage the balance of an ecosystem. 4 (p. 152) Human activities construct an argument regarding the impact of human activities on have significantly altered the biosphere, the environment and how they sometimes damaging or destroying natural positively and negatively affect habitats and causing the extinction of many other species. But changes to Earth's environments can the competition for energy and have different impacts (negative and positive) for resources in ecosystems. different living things. Typically, as human populations and per-capita consumption of natural resources increase, so do the negative impacts on Earth unless the activities and technologies involved are engineered otherwise. 4 (p. 196) Human activity which controls the growth of certain plants and animals changes an ecosystem. $\frac{2(p.27)}{}$ In artificial selection, humans have the capacity to influence certain characteristics of organisms by selective breeding. One can choose desired parental traits determined by genes, which are then passed on to offspring. 4 (p. 164) The sorting and recombining of genetic material when egg and sperm cells are formed and then fuse results in an immense variety of possible combinations of genes, and in differences that can be inherited from one generation to another. These provide the potential for natural selection as a result of some variations making organisms better

		adapted to certain environmental conditions. <sup>2 (p.</sup> <sup>28)</sup>
17-18	Course wrap-up and final	
	exam	

# Arizona State Science Standards, https://www.azed.gov/standards-practices/k-12standards/standards-science

By the end of seventh grade, students will explore how energy is transferred in environmental processes. Students investigate and explain the structure and function of cells and understand how genetic information is passed down to produce variation among the populations. Students will describe how stability and change and the process of cause and effect influence changes in the natural world. Student investigations focus on collecting and making sense of observational data and measurements using the science and engineering practices: ask questions and define problems, develop and use models, plan and carry out investigations, analyze and interpret data, use mathematics and computational thinking, construct explanations and design solutions, engage in argument from evidence, and obtain, evaluate, and communicate information. While individual lessons may include connections to any of the crosscutting concepts, the standards in seventh grade focus on helping students understand phenomena though patterns, cause and effect, scale, proportion, and quantity; systems and system models; energy and matter structure and function and stability and change. <sup>3</sup>

#### **Crosscutting Concepts**

Crosscutting concepts<sup>4</sup> cross boundaries between science disciplines and provide an organizational framework to connect knowledge from various disciplines into a coherent and scientifically based view of the world. They build bridges between science and other disciplines and connect core ideas and practices throughout the fields of science and engineering. Their purpose is to provide a lens to help students deepen their understanding of the core ideas as they make sense of phenomena in the natural and designed worlds. The crosscutting concepts identified in *A Framework for K-12 Science Education* are: patterns, cause and effect, structure and function, systems and system models, stability and change, scale, proportion, and quantity, energy and matter

**ELL STANDARDS** 

Grade 7 Writing 7.

W.1 Write arguments to support claims with clear reasons and relevant evidence. a. Introduce claim(s), acknowledge alternate or opposing claims, and organize the reasons and evidence logically. b. Support claim(s) with logical reasoning and relevant evidence, using accurate, credible sources and demonstrating an

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Arizona State Science Standards, <a href="https://www.azed.gov/standards-practices/k-12standards/standards-science">https://www.azed.gov/standards-practices/k-12standards/standards-science</a>

understanding of the topic or text. c. Use words, phrases, and clauses to create cohesion and clarify the relationships among claim(s), reasons, and evidence. d. Establish and maintain a formal style. e. Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from and supports the argument presented.